

## Changes in GPS

ID number and sensitivity (0-100dB) of each GPS that is in the sky above the installation site are indicated, and the moving direction of GPS is shown as the locus. (As the sensitivity turns stronger, light flashes brighter and the dynamics affecting the space whereas lesser sensitivity causes slower, weaker flashes and gradual disappearance.)

## Reconstruction of geometrical images

The analyzing software generates and modifies the coordinates real-time according to GPS, participant's dynamics, speed, and position.

## DENSITY

The overall density of dynamics is indicated.

## Central coordinate axis

It is located at Van Nelle Ontwerfabriek where the installation takes place.

## Scanning to measure space

Distortion in a space is measured at a regular speed. A scan is shown to measure space as three-dimensional on a fixed timetable, to decide the direction (upward, downward, right or left) of the dynamics.

## Position of participant's dynamics

A white round light moves right and left to visualize participant's position.

## Change in the floor structure

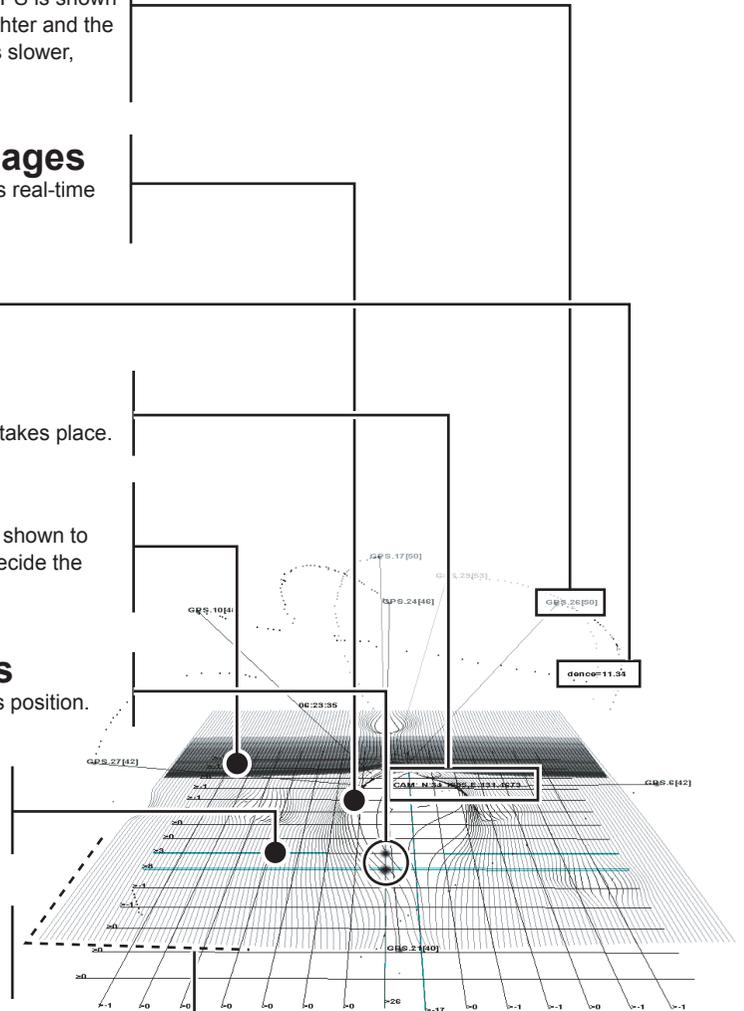
Red lines move up and down (0-1000) to visualize changes in the floor.

## Sound

Spatial distortion and movement are expressed through multi-channelled sound positioning.

## Light/LED

Participant's dynamics is visualized through changes in brightness of horizontal lines generated by light set at the level of participant's eyes. (When dynamics at all positions is stable simultaneously, medium quantity of light is well balanced around the surroundings. When strong dynamic are pulling each other, a fast change in the quantity of light takes place in a wide area. The quantity of light is shown in strength, speed, and degree of the flashing light.)



## Images projected on the floor

Geometrical images change according to dynamics from participants and GPS.

## Images projected on the wall

All the dynamics that exist in the installation are visualized real-time.